

An Attention-based Model for Joint Extraction of Entities and Relations with Implicit Entity Features

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OUTLINE

- Introduction
- Method
- Experiment
- Conclusion

INTRODUCTION

- Extract entities and their semantic relations from an unstructured input sentence.

(Ex):

"Donald Trump is the 45th and current president of the United States"



(Donald Trump, President-Of, United States)

Entity 1

Semantic relation

Entity 2

INTRODUCTION

Two categories method of RE

➤ **Pipelined models :**

- Identify the entity pair **first**. **And then** predict the relations between them.

(Donald Trump, United States)  (President-Of)

Result have an impact on it



➤ **Joint models(this paper use) :**

- Identify the entity pair and relations **at the same time**.

INTRODUCTION

Problem definition

Input sentence: Donald Trump is the 45th and current President of the United States

Tags: B-PR-1 E-PR-1 O O O O O O O O B-PR-2 E-PR-2

Final Results: (Donald Trump, President-Of, United States)

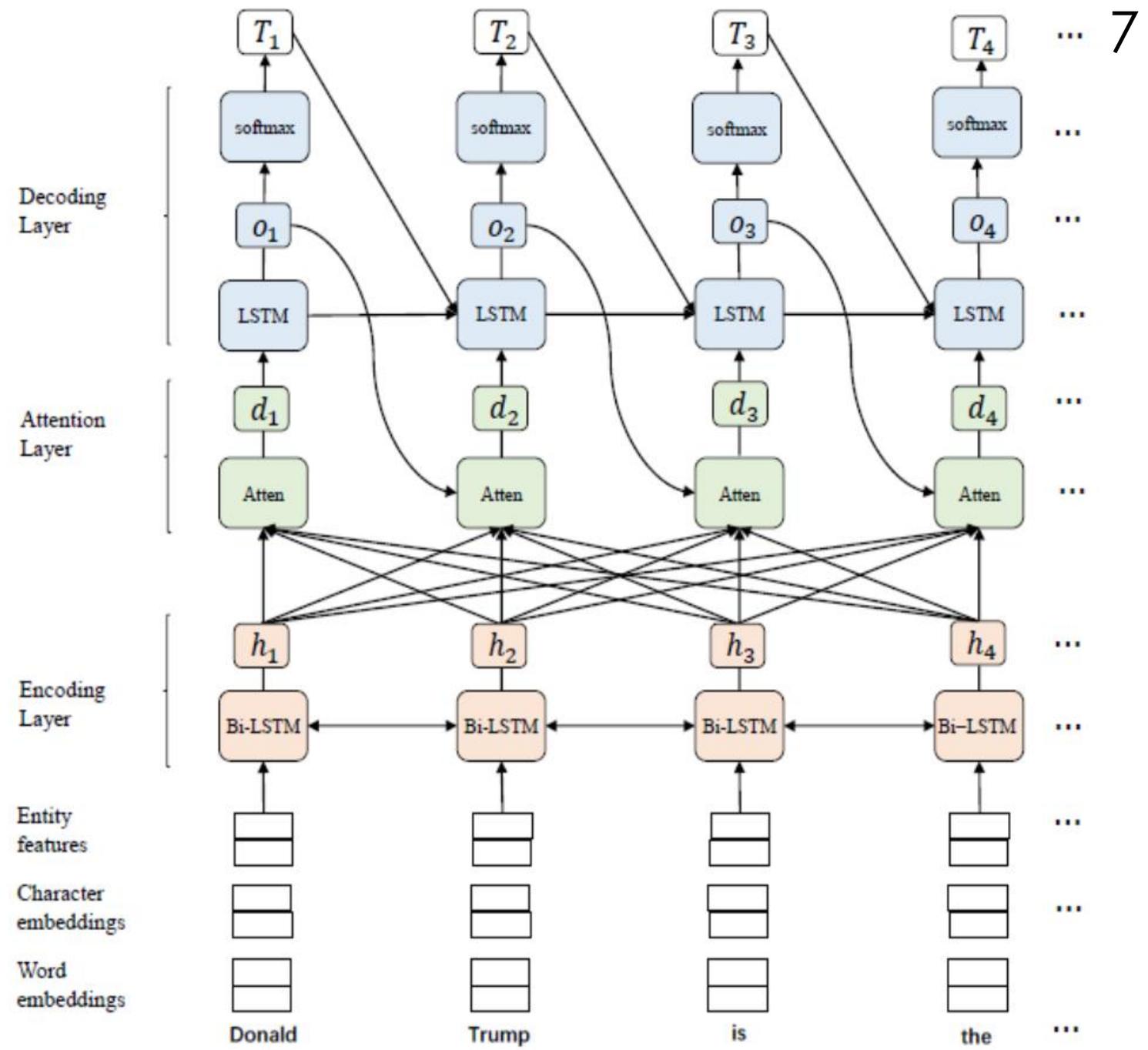
▼
 B : Begin
 (Have Begin, Inside, End, Single four type)
 PR : President-Of
 (Predfined 24 relation type)
 1 : First entity

Other
 ▼
 E : End
 PR : President-Of
 2 : Second entity

OUTLINE

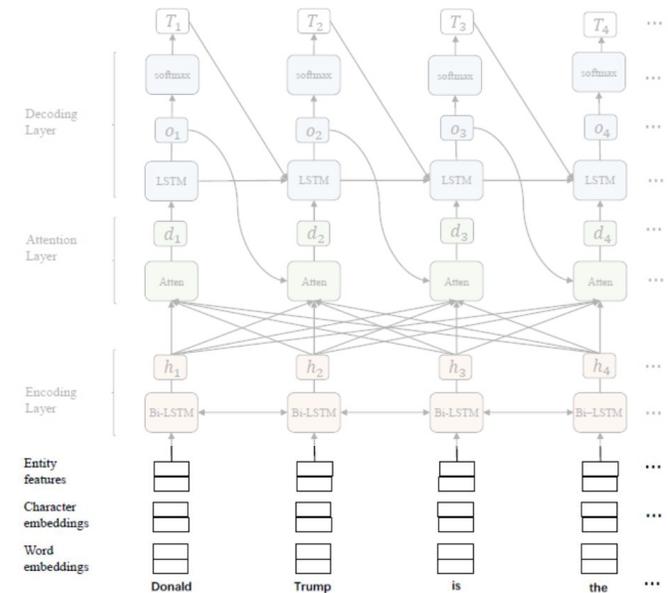
- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ Method
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FRAMEWORK



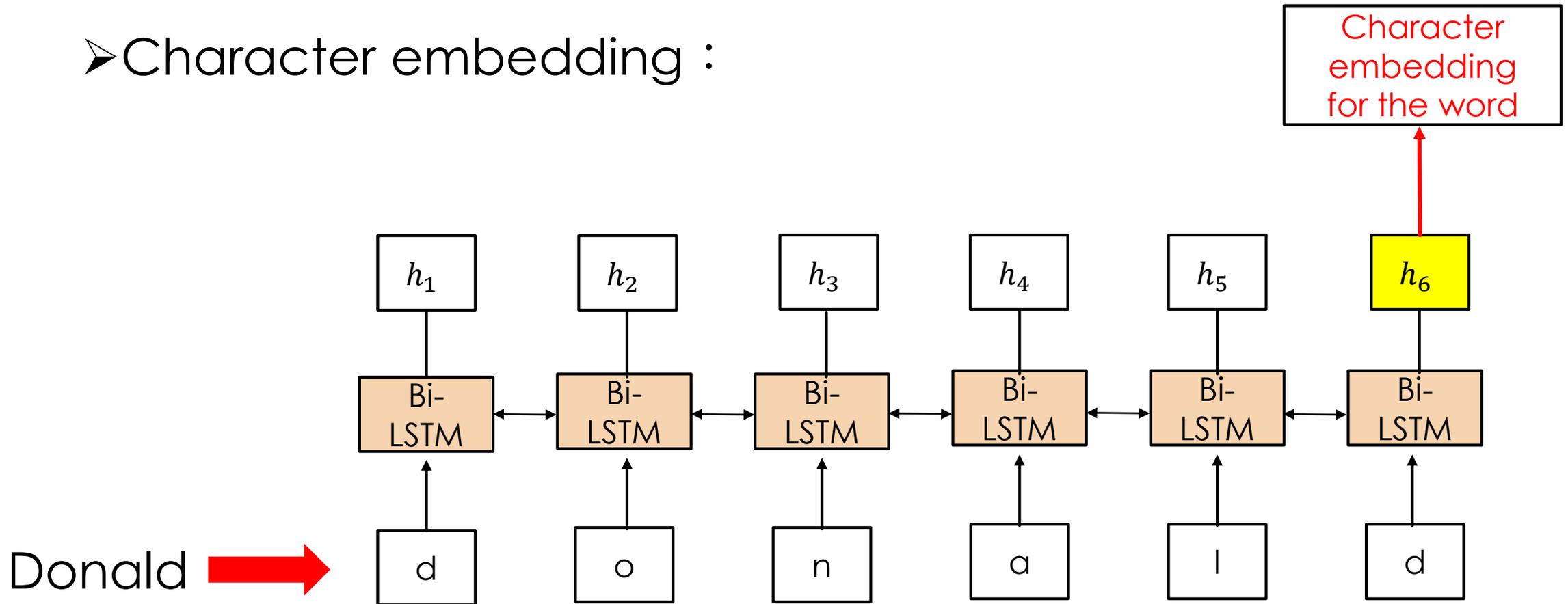
METHOD Features(Word embedding & character embedding)

- Word embedding :
 - **Pre-train** the embedding for words.
- Character embedding :
 - Each word is **broken up into individual characters**.
 - Each characters are **mapping to their embedding** (c_1, c_2, \dots, c_L).
 - Adopt **Bi-LSTM** to generates the character embedding for the word.



METHOD Features(Word embedding & character embedding)

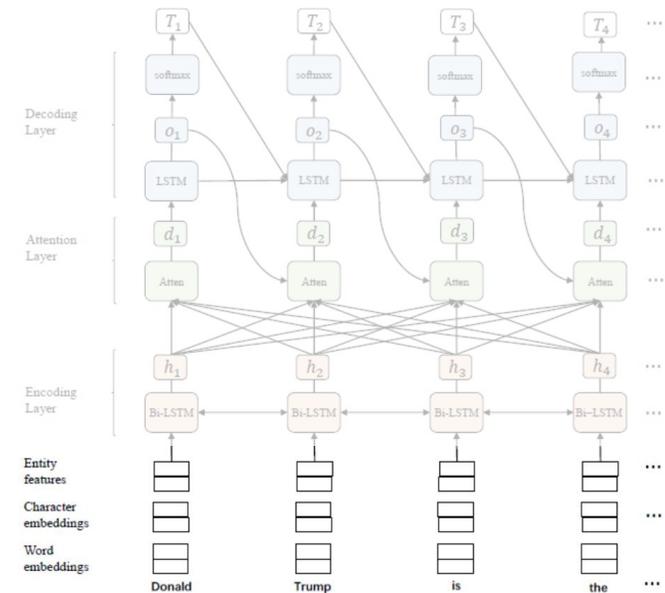
➤ Character embedding :



METHOD Features(Implicit features)

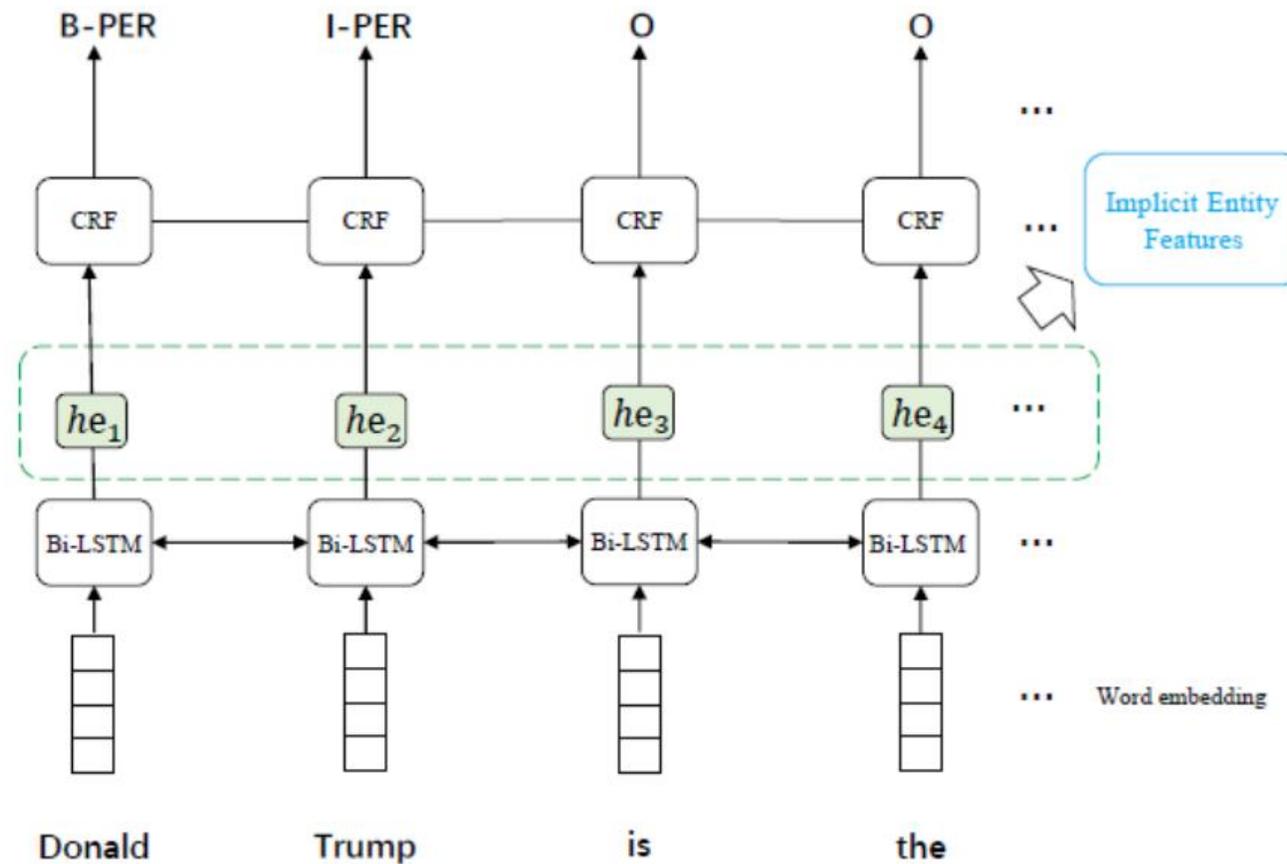
➤ Implicit entity feature :

- Pre-train an model on an existing NER dataset.
- Feed the input sentence (Danald Trump is the.....) into this model.
- The hidden vectors are entity features.



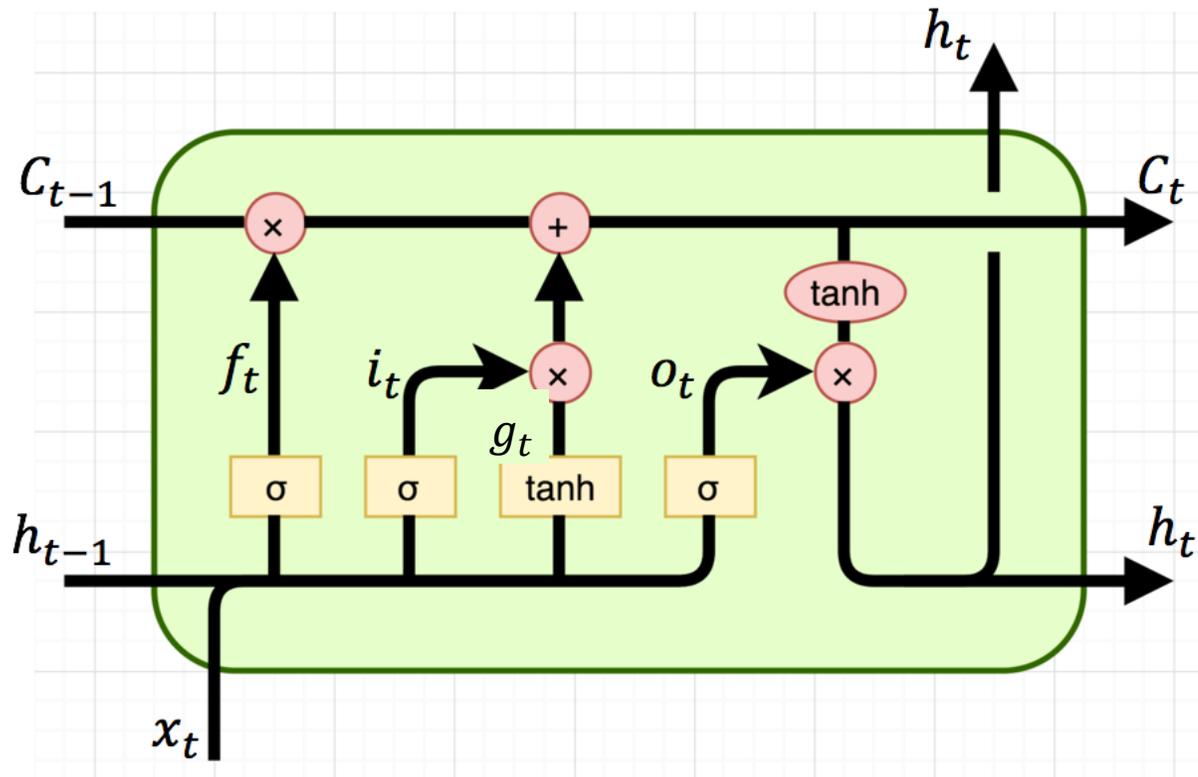
METHOD Features(Implicit features)

➤ Implicit entity feature :



METHOD Encoder layer

➤ LSTM :



$$i_t = \sigma(W_{xi}x_t + b_{xi} + W_{hi}h_{t-1} + b_{hi})$$

$$f_t = \sigma(W_{xf}x_t + b_{xf} + W_{hf}h_{t-1} + b_{hf})$$

$$g_t = \tanh(W_{xg}x_t + b_{xg} + W_{hg}h_{t-1} + b_{hg})$$

$$o_t = \sigma(W_{xo}x_t + b_{xo} + W_{ho}h_{t-1} + b_{ho})$$

$$c_t = f_t \odot c_{t-1} + i_t \odot g_t$$

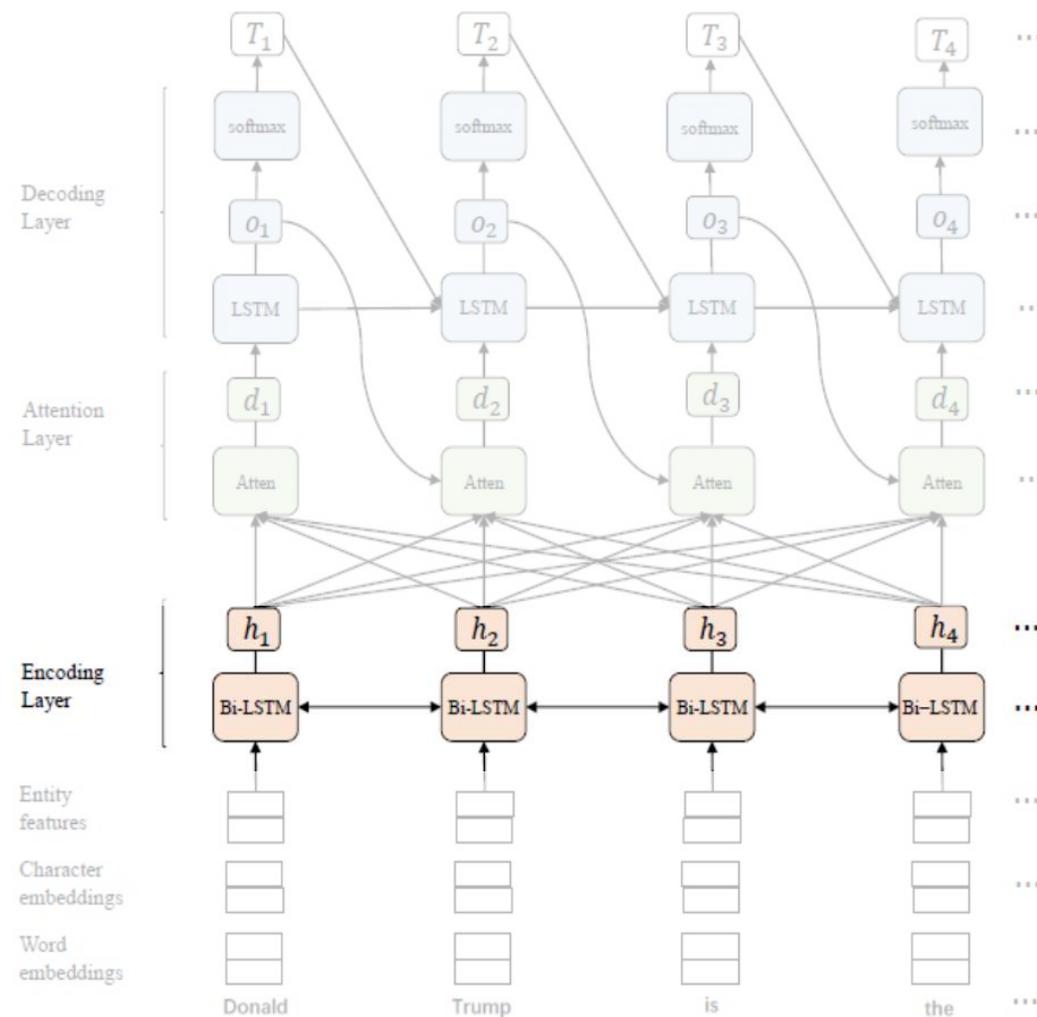
$$h_t = o_t \odot \tanh(c_t)$$

METHOD

Encoding layer

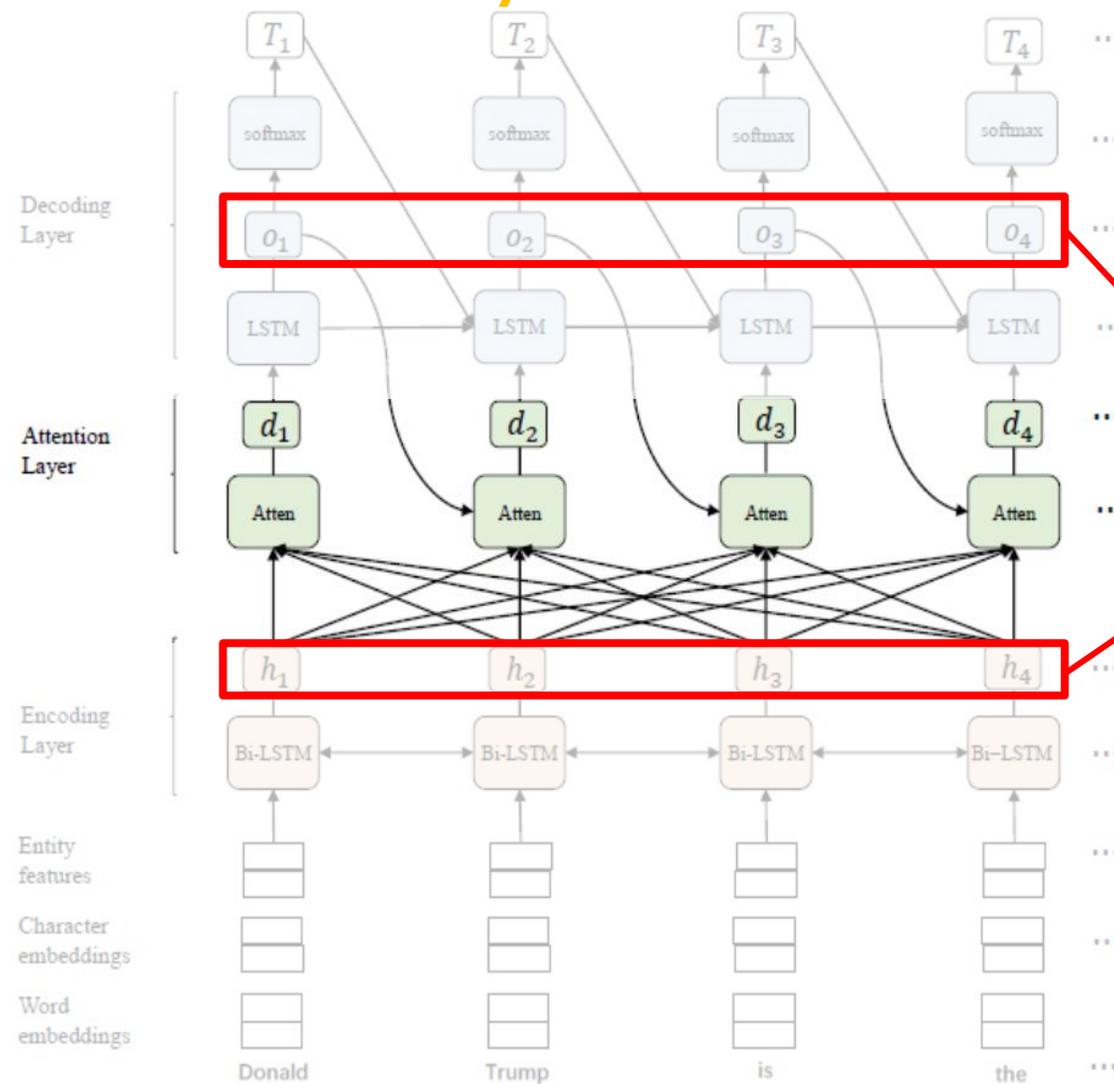
➤ Encoding layer :

- This layer receives **three vectors (concat)** as input.
- Use **Bi-LSTM** to compute the t step hidden state h_t .



METHOD

Attention layer



The input of
attention layer

METHOD Attention layer

➤ Tag aware attention :

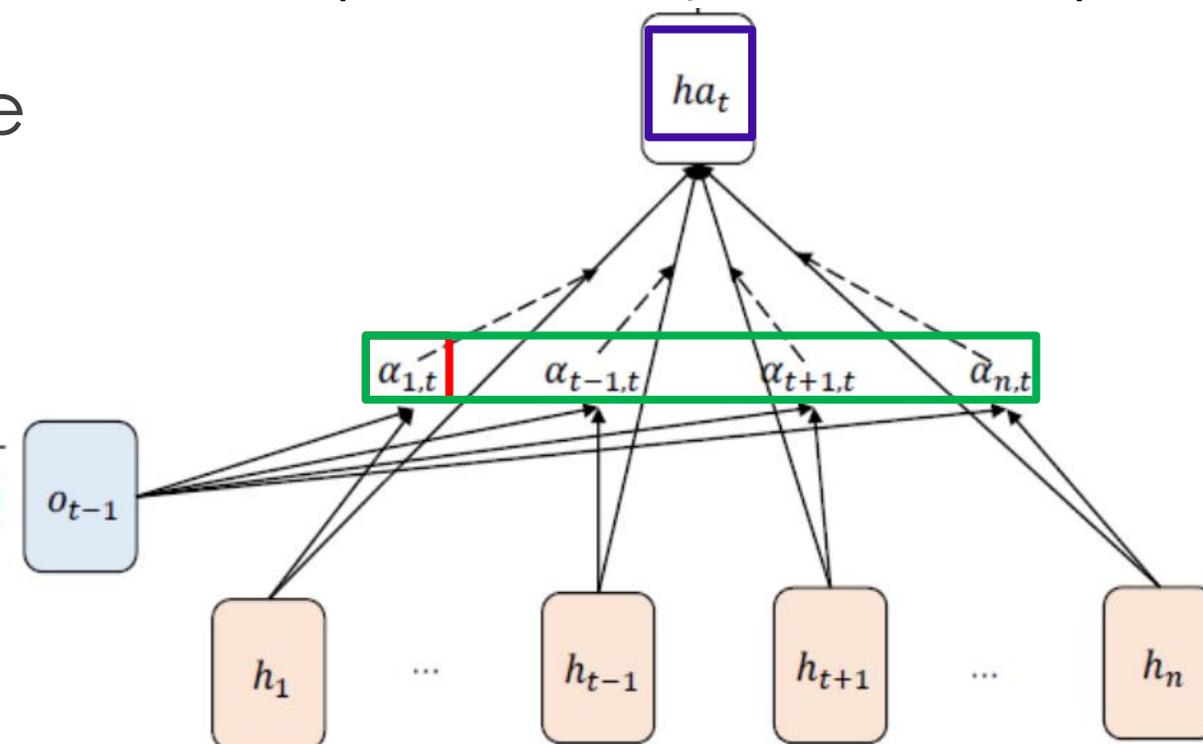
- Allow the model to **select the relevant parts** of the sentence for the prediction of the tag.

- $e_{j,t} = h_j \cdot o_{t-1}$

$$\alpha_{j,t} = \frac{\exp(e_{j,t})}{\sum_{k=1}^{t-1} \exp(e_{k,t}) + \sum_{k=t+1}^n \exp(e_{k,t})}$$

$$ha_t = \sum_{j=1}^{t-1} \alpha_{j,t} h_j + \sum_{j=t+1}^n \alpha_{j,t} h_j$$

Attention vector
(relevant representation)



METHOD Attention layer

➤ Fusion gate :

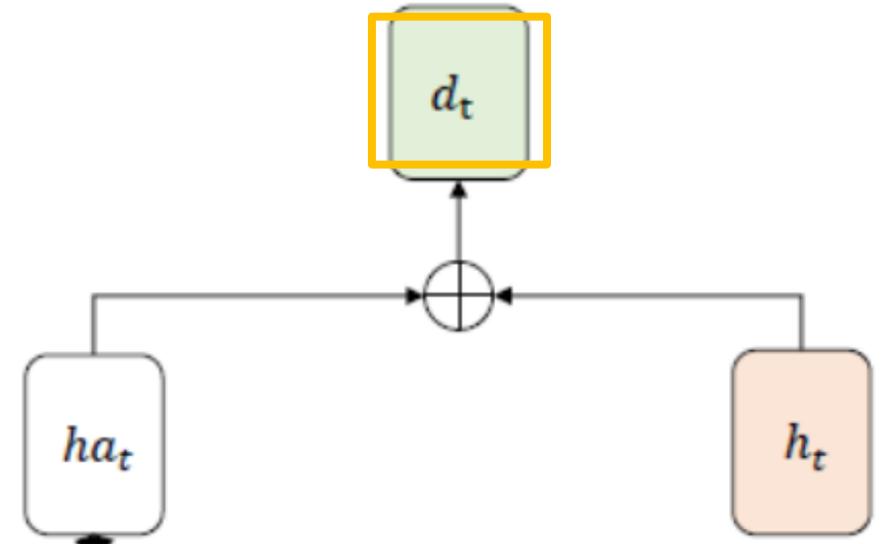
- When predicting the tag of a word, the gate **allows to trade off the information used from ha_t and h_t** .

Weight

- $g_t = \sigma(W_g^{(3)} \tanh(W_g^{(1)} ha_t + W_g^{(2)} h_t))$

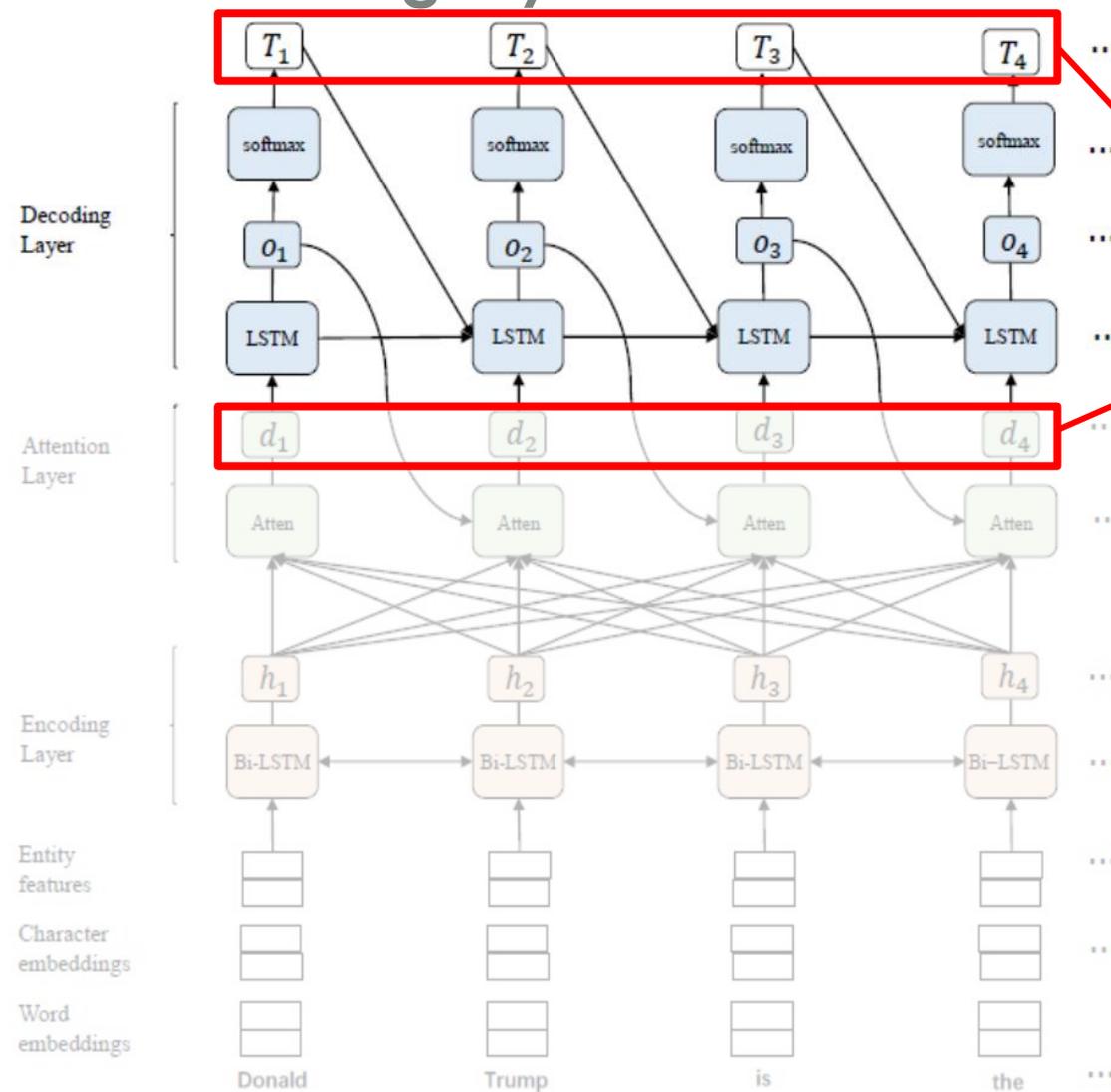
$$d_t = g_t ha_t + (1 - g_t) h_t$$

Output of attention layer



METHOD

Decoding layer



METHOD

Decoding layer

➤ Decoding layer :

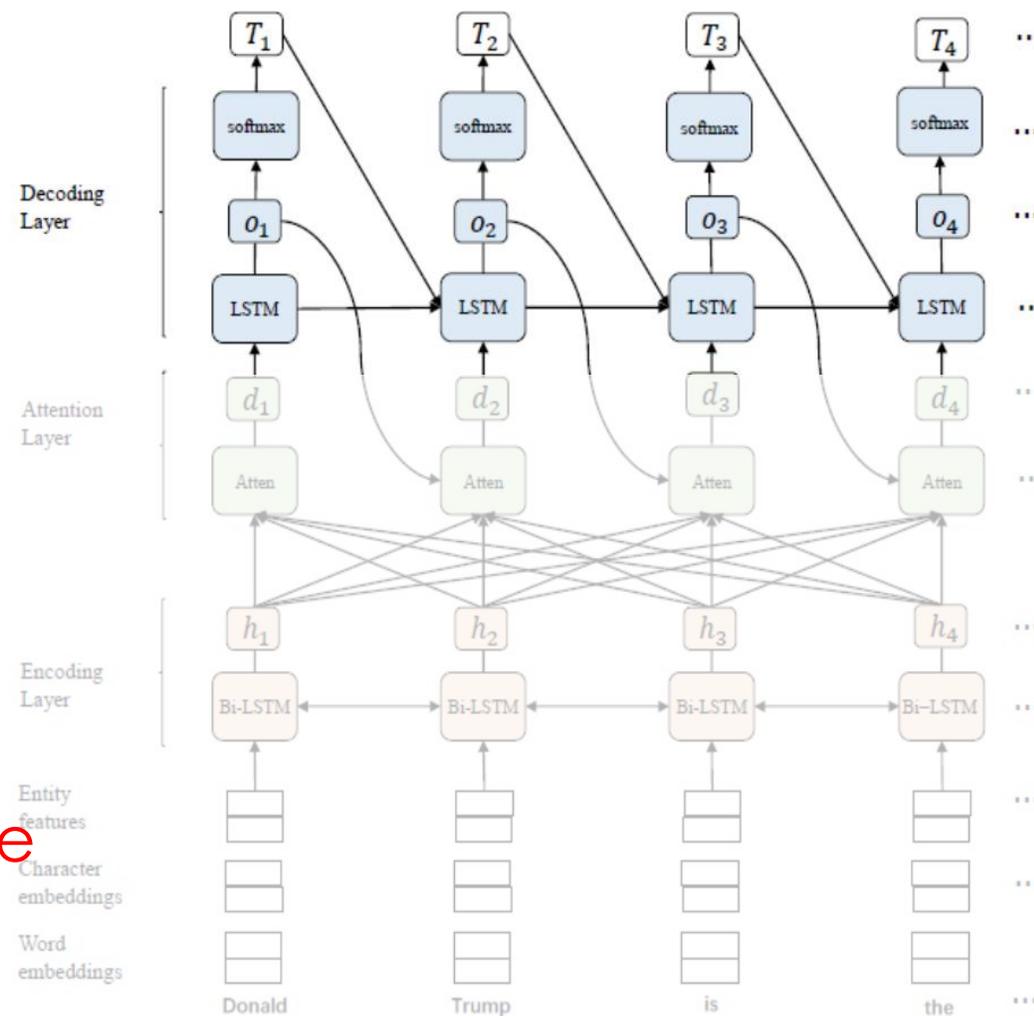
- Adopt **LSTM** to generate vectors representing the output states.

$$\vec{o}_t = LSTM_{decoder}(d_t + W_T T_{t-1}, \vec{o}_{t-1})$$

t-th
output of
Attention layer

t-1-th
tag
embedding

t-1-th
hidden state
of LSTM



METHOD Decoding layer

➤ Decoding layer(continue) :

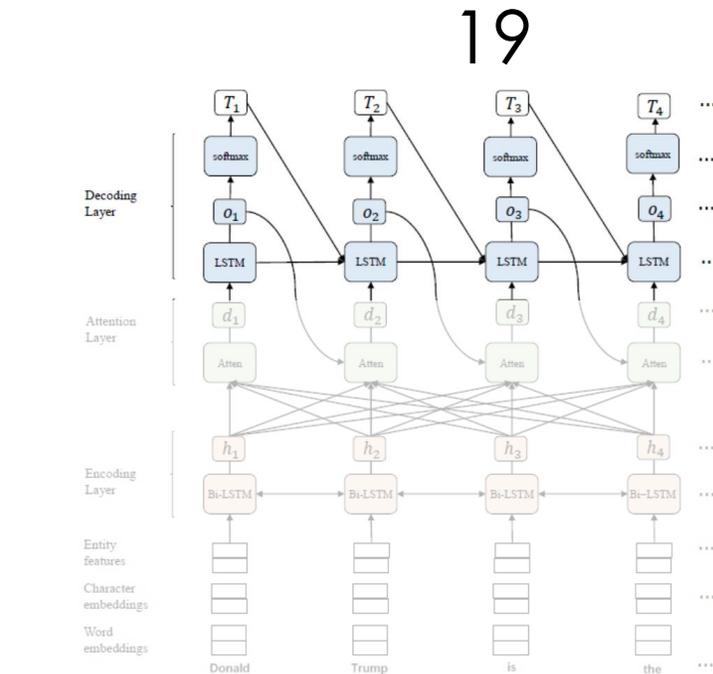
- Adopt a **softmax classifier** to compute entity tag probabilities.

$$s_t = W_s o_t + b_s$$

$$p(tag_t | S, tag_{t-1}) = \frac{\exp(s_t) tag_t}{\sum_{tag'_t \in TAG} \exp(s_t) tag'_t}$$

- Objective function :

$$L = \max \sum_{m=1}^{|\mathbb{D}|} \sum_{t=1}^{L_m} (\log(p(tag_t^m | S_m, tag_{t-1}^m)) \cdot I(O) + \alpha \cdot \log(p(tag_t^m | S_m, tag_{t-1}^m)) \cdot (1 - I(O)))$$



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EXPERIMENT

Dataset

➤ **NYT :**

- 353000 triplets in the training data and 3880 triplets in the testing data.
- Relation type in the dataset is 24.

EXPERIMENT

➤ Dimension sizes :

Model	Network Structure	Size
Our Model	Word Embedding	300
	Char Embedding	20
	$LSTM_{char}$	25
	Entity Features	100
	$LSTM_{encoder}$	300
	$LSTM_{decoder}$	600
	Tag Embedding	50
Entity Features Generation Model	Word Embedding	300
	$LSTM_{entity}$	50

EXPERIMENT

- *A triplet is regarded as correct when all correct.*

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➤ Comparison with baselines :

	Method	Prec.	Rec.	F1
Pipelined	FCM	0.553	0.154	0.240
	DS+logistic	0.258	0.393	0.311
	LINE	0.335	0.329	0.332
Joint	MultiR	0.338	0.327	0.333
	DS-Joint	0.574	0.256	0.354
	CoType	0.423	0.511	0.463
End-to-end	LSTM-LSTM-Bias	0.615	0.414	0.495
	Transition-Based	0.643	0.421	0.509
	Our model	0.640	0.464	0.538

EXPERIMENT

➤ Ablation results :

- *A triplet is regarded as correct when all correct.*

Method	Prec.	Rec.	F1
Our model	0.640	0.464	0.538
-Implicit Entity features	0.604	0.456	0.521
-Attention Layer	0.601	0.450	0.515
-Fusion Gate+Concat	0.599	0.469	0.526

EXPERIMENT

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- Ablation results on triplet elements :

Elements	Method	Prec.	Rec.	F1
(E1, R)	Our Model	0.684	0.515	0.588
	-Implicit Entity Features	0.670	0.509	0.579
	-Attention Layer	0.669	0.501	0.573
(E2, R)	Our Model	0.663	0.499	0.569
	-Implicit Entity Features	0.642	0.488	0.555
	-Attention Layer	0.633	0.475	0.543
(E1, E2)	Our Model	0.667	0.501	0.572
	-Implicit Entity Features	0.646	0.490	0.558
	-Attention Layer	0.658	0.493	0.564

EXPERIMENT

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- Visualization of attention weights :

Chad Hurley , the co-founder and chief executive of YouTube , said the company was still working on its filtering technology

Word: Chad Tag: B-PC-1

Chad Hurley , the co-founder and chief executive of YouTube , said the company was still working on its filtering technology

Word: Hurley Tag: B-PC-2

Chad Hurley , the co-founder and chief executive of YouTube , said the company was still working on its filtering technology

Word: YouTube Tag: S-PC-2

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CONCLUSION

- Propose an attention-based model enhanced with implicit entity features for the joint extraction of entities and relations.
- This model can take advantage of the entity features and does not need to manually design them.
- Design a Tag-Aware attention mechanism which enables our model to select the informative words to the prediction.